

Empowering Civil Society through Community Media

January – March 2019

Abstract

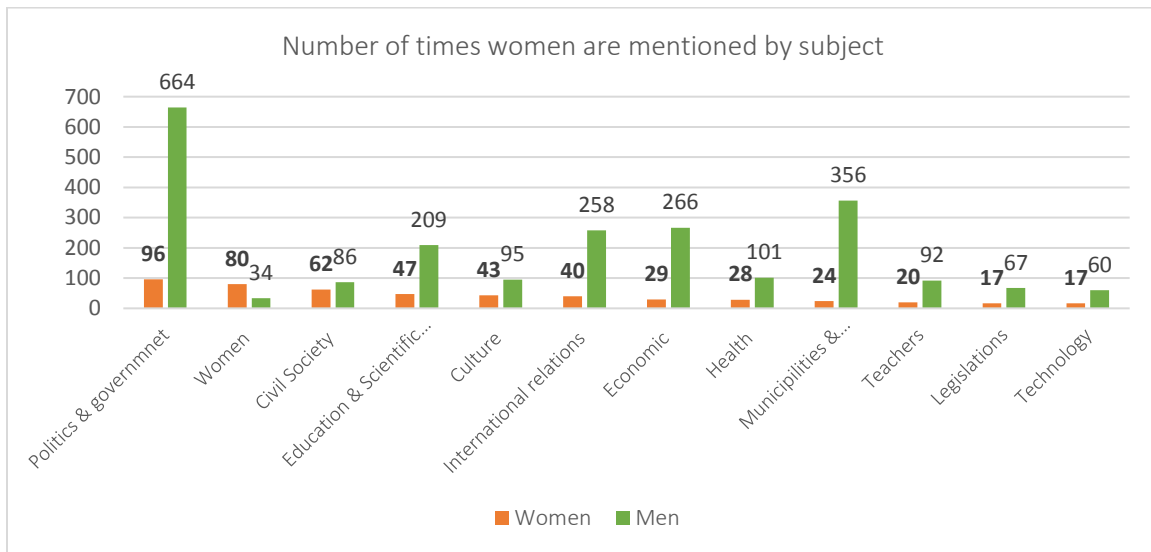
IRCKHF team monitored the 7 selected media sources in 9 days in the first quarter of 2019, including:

- Jordan News Agency (Petra)
- Addustour newspaper
- AlGhad newspaper
- Khaberni news website
- Ammon news website
- Hala FM
- Radio Farah Al Nas

The team published the 2019 first quarter report on its [platforms](#) and shared it with the selected media institutes mentioned above. Also, the team conducted an interview with the chief editor of Khaberni news website.

Accordingly, the following are the main results:

- The team monitored 1,745 media articles in the first quarter of 2019 from the selected media sources.
- Number of journalists was 1,632, where there was 12% females and 19% males, while there was 69% not specified.
- Number of women where mentioned in the monitored selected media was 412 women vs. 2,492 men, 14% women vs. 86% men.
- Number of Women in decision making positions who were mentioned in the monitored articles and media sources was 185 vs. 1,409 men, 12% women vs. 88% men.
- There was 53 expert women vs. 325 expert men, 14% women vs. 86% men.
- Number of women who were mentioned in work and public activity context was 113 vs. 318 men, 26% women vs. 47% men.
- Number of women who were mentioned in family and social relationships context was 5 vs. 9 men
- Number of women mentioned in the covered subjects that the selected media focused on in the first quarter of 2019 was 681 vs. 3,538 men, 11% women vs. 56% men.



- In general, as described in the figure above, women are still talking about topics and subjects concern to women, although they are exist in all the fields but they are still limited to what concerning them. This may be due to stereotyping of women and the number of female journalists compared to the number of male journalists in the selected media sources.
- With regard to gender coverage during the monitoring period selected by the IRCKHF team every month, there was gender coverage in the selected media sources (newspapers, news sites and radios). It should be noted that most of the gender articles either written and prepared by women journalists or that it did not determine the gender of the journalist, except for a limited number of media articles prepared by male journalists.
- There is still a gender imbalance in all the media platforms that have been monitored, both in the public and private sectors, as well as in both audio and written media. And that can be measured through the number of gender-related articles, as well as number of mentioned women in the selected media sources, and number of female journalists.
- The proportion of gender-related news and women during the monitoring period in the first quarter of 2019, did not exceed 5% compared to other news that was gender neutral or masculine. And here it is clear that the percentage of gender-related articles reduced 10% comparing to 2018.
- The majority of the selected media sources, excluding Radio Farah Al Nas, were focused mainly on political and economic affairs.
- Addustour newspaper ranked first in covering gender and women-related news, followed by Alghad newspaper which ranked first in 2018, then Khaberni, Ammon, Farah AlNas, Hala FM, and finally, the Jordanian news agency (Petra) which ranked number three in 2018. It was clear during the first quarter of 2019 that there was back off in covering gender and women issues in the selected media sources, according to the percentage of gender-related articles and media sources ranks in 2019 comparing to their ranks 2018.